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TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES WITH FLUORINATED AND SF₅-SUBSTITUTED CARBON LIGANDS

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The reactions of various cyclopentadienyl-carbonyl-metal anions, cp M(CO)_n^- , and carbonyl-metal anions, M(CO)_m^- , with perfluorinated and SF₅-substituted mono- and bifunctional acidchlorides ($\text{ClOC-CF}_2\text{-COCl}$, $\text{SF}_5\text{-CH}_2\text{-COCl}$ and the new compound $\text{SF}_5\text{-CF}_2\text{-COCl}$) has been studied. The stability of the different products $\text{L}_n\text{-M-CO-R}$ and $\text{L}_n\text{-M-R}$ depends on the nature of the metal framework and the substituent R. In the case of $(\text{CO})_4\text{Co}(-\mu\text{-CO-CF}_2\text{-CO})\text{Co(CO)}_4$ CO extrusion takes place in several steps and $(\text{CO})_3\text{Co}(-\mu\text{-CF}_2)(-\mu\text{-CO})\text{Co(CO)}_3$ is formed in high yield. In contrast to the behaviour of the cobalt compound, $(\text{Co})_5\text{Mn}(-\mu\text{-CO-CF}_2)\text{Mn(CO)}_5$ does not eliminate a second CO molecule.